# NATIONAL HIV/AIDS STRATEGY: UPDATED TO 2020 WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

### THE **VISION**

The United States will become a place where new HIV infections are rare, and when they do occur, every person, regardless of age, gender, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity, or socio-economic circumstance will have unfettered access to high quality, life-extending care, free from stigma and discrimination.

### THE **GOALS**



response

### **OUR** STRATEGY

**This is a national Strategy, not just a Federal one**. Everyone is needed to put this Strategy into action and end the HIV epidemic. The updated Strategy calls for coordinated efforts from all sectors of society. The many Federal agencies and offices engaged in HIV activities will develop a Federal Action Plan to guide implementation of the Strategy across the U.S. government.

### THE UPDATED STRATEGY DETAILS 11 STEPS AND 37 ACTIONS THAT FOCUS ON RIGHT PEOPLE, RIGHT PLACES, RIGHT PLACES, KEY POPULATIONS • Gay, bisexual, and other men who have sex with men

- Gay, bisexual, and other men who have sex with men of all races and ethnicities (noting the particularly high burden of HIV among Black gay and bisexual men)
- Black women and men
- Latino men and women
- People who inject drugs
- Youth aged 13 to 24 years (noting the particularly high burden of HIV among young Black gay and bisexual men)
- People in the Southern United States
- **Transgender women** (noting the particularly high burden of HIV among Black transgender women)

#### **RIGHT PRACTICES**



Widespread HIV testing and linkage to care enabling people living with HIV to access treatment early.



**Full access to PrEP services** for those whom it is appropriate and desired, with support for medication adherence for those using PrEP.



**Broad support for people living with HIV** to remain engaged in comprehensive care, including support for treatment adherence.

rates of HIV than other areas of the country

the population lives in southern states, but

the region accounts for more than 1/2 of all

• Southern United States: more than 1/3 of

HIV diagnoses.



**Universal viral suppression** among people living with HIV.

## THE **OUTCOMES** BY **2020**



Increase the percentage of people living with HIV who know their serostatus to at least 90 percent.



Reduce the percentage of young gay and bisexual men who have **engaged in HIV-risk behaviors** by at least **10 percent**.



Increase the percentage of newly diagnosed persons **linked to HIV medical care** within one month of their HIV diagnosis to at least **85 percent**.



Increase the percentage of persons with diagnosed HIV infection who are **retained in HIV medical care** to at least **90 percent**.



Increase the percentage of persons with diagnosed HIV infection who are **virally suppressed** to at least **80 percent**.



Reduce the percentage of persons in HIV medical care who are **homeless** to no more than **5 percent**.

Reduce the **death rate** among persons with diagnosed HIV infection by at least **33 percent**.



Reduce **disparities in the rate of new diagnoses** by at least **15 percent** in the following groups: gay and bisexual men, young Black gay and bisexual men, Black females, and persons living in the Southern United States.



Increase the percentage of youth and persons who inject drugs with diagnosed HIV infection who are **virally suppressed** to at least **80 percent**.

#### Learn more about the National HIV/AIDS Strategy: Updated to 2020 at AIDS.gov/2020 #HIV2020